

Pet-Friendly Plants



With the exception of edibles like cat grass, it's always best to keep houseplants out of a pet's reach. These plants are recognized by the ASPCA as being non-toxic to cats and dogs, however, you may want to check with your vet regarding your pet's specific sensitivities.

- African Violet (Saintpaulia)
- Areca Palm (Dypsis lutescens)
- Banana (Musa)
- Bird's Nest Fern
- Boston ferns (Nephrolepis)
- Bromeliad (Bromeliaceae)
- Calathea (Calathea spp. E.g. Rattlesnake, Medallion)
- Christmas Cactus (Schlumbergera)
- Haworthia
- Nerve Plant (Fittonia spp.)
- Parlor Palm (Chamaedorea elegans)
- Money Tree (Pachira aquatica)
- Peperomia
- Polka Dot Plant (Hypoestes phyllostachya)
- Ponytail Palm (Beaucarnea recurvata)
- Prayer Plant (Maranta)
- Spider Plant (Chlorophytum comosum)
- Stromanthe Triostar
- Staghorn Fern (Platycerium superbum)
- Swedish Ivy (Plectranthus)

Many of these plants contain insoluble calcium oxalates which may cause gastrointestinal/respiratory distress and oral irritation and should be AVOIDED:

- ⇒ Alocasia (Elephant Ear)
- ⇒ Aloe Vera
- ⇒ Bird of Paradise (Strelitzia)
- ⇒ Dumb Cane (Dieffenbachia)
- ⇒ Fiddle Leaf Fig (Ficus lyrata)
- ⇒ Peace Lily (Spathiphyllum)
- ⇒ Philodendron
- ⇒ Sago Palm (Cycas revoluta)
- ⇒ ZZ Plant (Zamioculcas zamiifolia)

As a pet owner, it's up to you to determine your animal's individual temperament and tendencies. Plants and animals can co-exist!